

# Government Science College-Gandhinagar

Title of course : Advanced Calculus, MAT-201

Problem Set-1 (Unit-1) by Yogita M. Parmar

Email : yogisworld315@gmail.com

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(i) Show that the limit does not exist in each case.

$$(a) \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{2xy}{x^2+y^2}$$

$$(b) \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2y^2}{x^2y^2+(x^2-y^2)^2}$$

$$(c) \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{2x^2y}{x^2+y^2}$$

$$(d) \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x-y}{x+y}$$

$$(e) \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^4-y^2}{x^4+y^2}$$

$$(f) \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2+y}{y}$$

$$(g) \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{xy}{x^2+y^2}$$

$$(h) \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{xy^2}{x^2+y^4}$$

(ii) Show that the limit exist in each case.

$$(a) \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{xy}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}$$

$$(b) \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^4+y^4}{x^2+y^2}$$

$$(c) \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^3-y^3}{x^2+y^2}$$

$$(d) \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{\sqrt{x^2y^2+1}-1}{x^2+y^2}$$

(iii) Show that the following functions are discontinuous at origin.

$$(a) f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^4+y^4}{x^2+y^2}, & (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0, & (x,y) = (0,0) \end{cases}$$

$$(b) f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^3+y^3}{x-y}, & x \neq y \\ 0, & x = y \end{cases}$$

$$(c) f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{x^2+y^2}, & (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0, & (x,y) = (0,0) \end{cases}$$

(iv) Discuss the continuity of the following function at origin.

$$(a) f(x,y) = \begin{cases} x \sin\left(\frac{1}{y}\right) + y \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right), & (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0, & (x,y) = (0,0) \end{cases}$$

$$(b) f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^3-y^3}{x^2+y^2}, & (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0, & (x,y) = (0,0) \end{cases}$$

(v) Show that the function  $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  defined by

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{2xy}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}, & (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0, & (x,y) = (0,0) \end{cases}$$

is continuous at origin.

(vi) Let a function  $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  defined by

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{2xy^2}{x^3+y^3}, & (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0, & (x,y) = (0,0) \end{cases}$$

Then show that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} f(x,y) \right)$  and  $\lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \left( \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x,y) \right)$  exists and are equal but the simultaneous limit  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} f(x,y)$  does not exist.

(vii) Examine the continuity of the following function at  $(0,0)$

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy^2}{x^2+y^2}, & (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0, & (x,y) = (0,0) \end{cases}$$

(viii) Examine the continuity of the function  $f(x,y) = \sqrt{|xy|}$  at the origin.

(ix) Show that the function given by

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy(x^2-y^2)}{x^2+y^2}, & (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0, & (x,y) = (0,0) \end{cases}$$

is continuous at  $(0,0)$ .

(x) Show that for the function

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} y \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) + \frac{xy}{x^2+y^2}, & (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0, & (x,y) = (0,0) \end{cases}$$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} f(x,y)$  exists, but the other repeated limit and the double limit do not exist at the origin.